





81/100 AVAILABILITY OF AND ACCESS TO INTERNATIONALLY CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES FOR THE RELIEF OF PAIN AND SUFFERING

N/A DEVELOPMENT

median from the 30 countries ABSENCE OF EXTREME SENTENCING AND RESPONSES Death penalty 100 Extrajudicial killings 100 Militarised policing 100 Life sentencing 100 Non-consensual confinement PROPORTIONALITY OF THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE RESPONSE Human rights violations Equity of impact of criminal justice response Mandatory minimum sentencing and pre-trial detention Alternatives to arrest, prosecution, conviction and punishment Extent of imprisonment of individuals involved in non-violent drug-related offences 25 Decriminalisation 0 **HEALTH AND HARM REDUCTION** Extent to which state policy prioritises harm reduction for people who use drugs Harm reduction funding Harm reduction intervention availability and coverage Equity of access to harm reduction services AVAILABILITY OF AND ACCESS TO INTERNATIONALLY CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES FOR PAIN RELIEF Policy prioritisation of availability and accessibility of controlled medicines for the relief of pain and suffering De facto availability and accessibility of controlled medicines for the relief of pain and suffering Equity of Access to controlled medicines for the relief of pain and suffering DEVELOPMENT Alternative development policy design n/a Management of crop eradication n/a Efficacy of alternative development policy for key beneficiaries n/a

'While being held in a[n isolation] cell [for the possession of two cannabis joints], I missed my therapy session. This experience was devastating to me. I felt stigmatised, dehumanised and discriminated against by the police and the government. Being labeled a criminal in what was a very vulnerable time for me in my life was very hard. I experienced increased anxiety and depression, which again led me to increased and more dangerous use of illegal substances as a form of self-medication'

~André Nielsen, Chair of NORML Norge